

# **On the Development of Multi-agent Systems Product Lines: A Domain Engineering Process**

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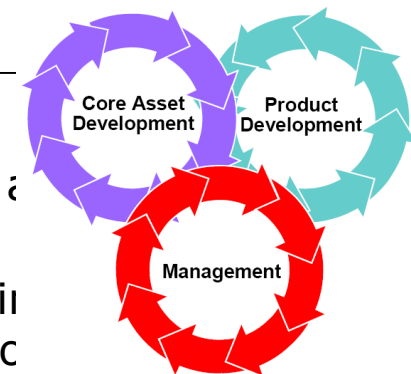
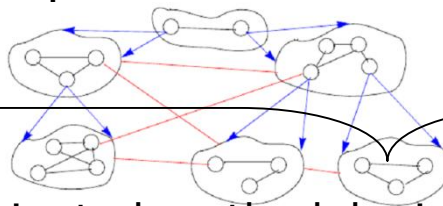
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- Introduction
- A Domain Engineering Process for MAS-PLs
- MAS-PL Case Studies
- Conclusion
- References

- Agent-oriented Software Engineering
  - Important new direction of software engineering
  - Allow the development of distributed complex applications
- Software Product Lines
  - New trend of software reuse
  - Lower costs
  - Reduced time-to-market
  - Quality improvement



- Most of the agent-oriented methodologies do not take into account the adoption of extensive reuse practices
- SPL methodologies do not detail or barely detail the modeling and documentation of SPLs that take advantage of agent technologies
- Only some recent research has explored the integration of SPLs and MASs technologies
  - Incorporating their respective benefits
  - Helping the industrial exploitation of agent technology
- There are still many challenges to be overcome in the **Multi-agent Systems Product Lines** (MAS-PLs) development

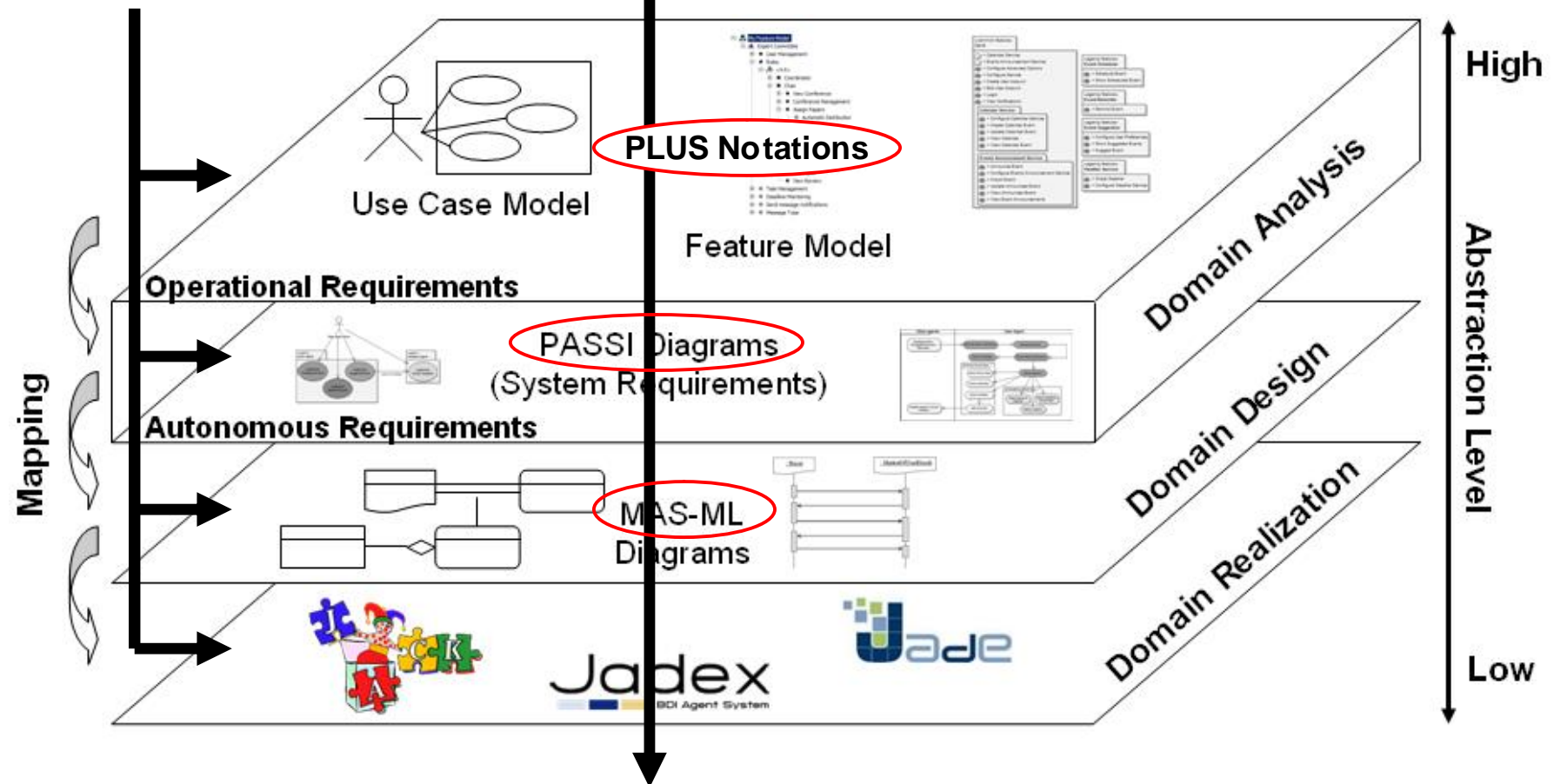
- Proposed Solution
  - Definition of a **domain engineering process** for developing MAS-PLs
    - Detailing its activities and their respective artifacts
  - Notations to model and document agent variability
  - Models to capture agent features traceability
  - Modeling agent features independently
    - Incorporation of agents into existing systems designed with other technologies with a low impact

# Process Overview



(ii) Systematic

Structure according to SPEM (i) Feature-oriented



(iii) Incorporate notations and activities of existing SPL and MAS approaches

- Notations and guidelines adopted along all our process
  - Use of <<kernel>>, <<optional>> and <<alternative>> stereotypes to indicate variability in the models
  - Use of colors to distinguish features in models
  - Provide features traceability
- Agent Features Granularity
  - Features granularity refers to the degree of detail and precision that a design element that implements a feature presents
  - Besides the usual variabilities present in SPLs, three different kinds of agent variability

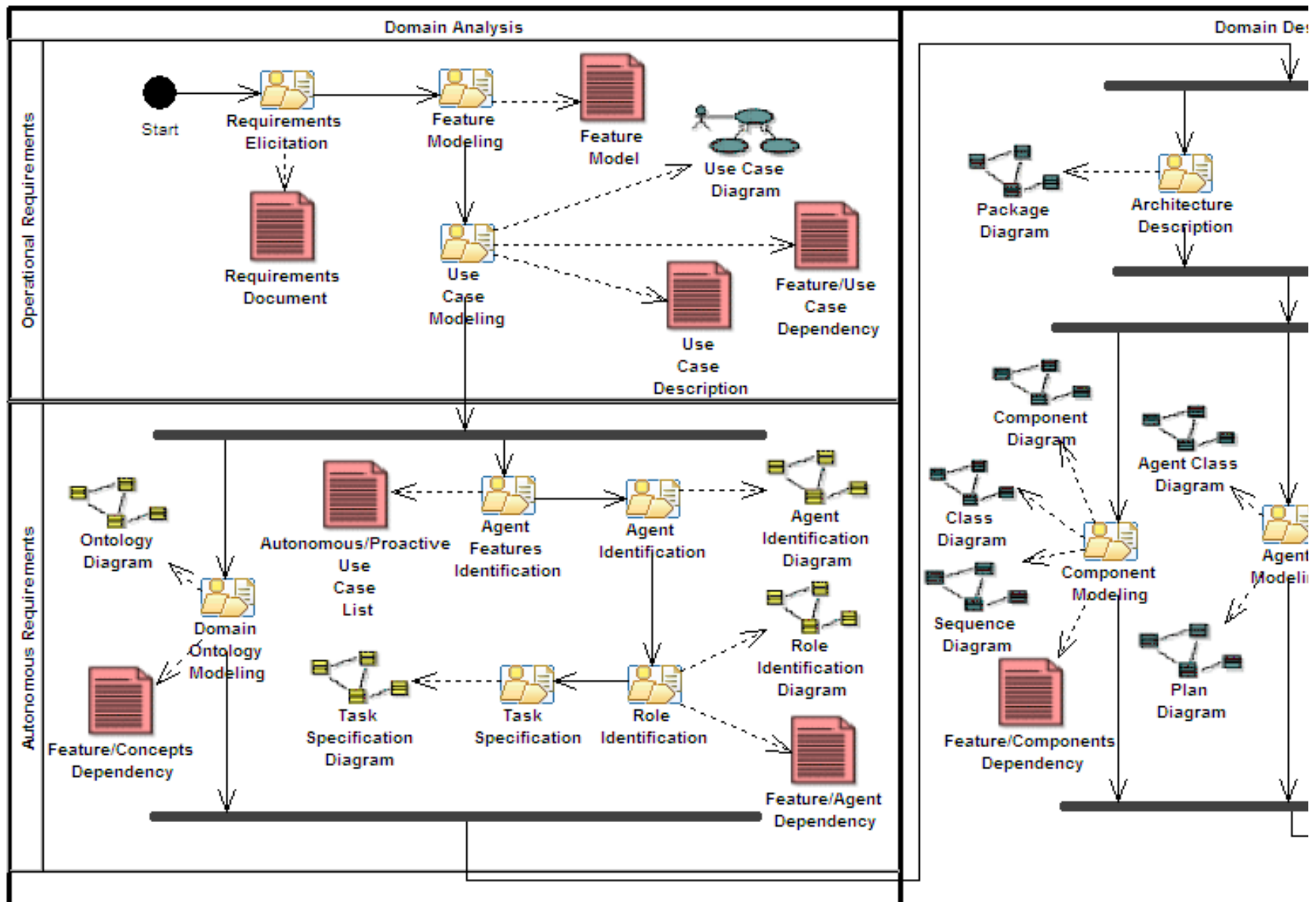
- **Agents**

- **Roles**

- **Capabilities**



Capabilities is mechanism to support **modularity** and **reusability** while still allowing meta-level reasoning



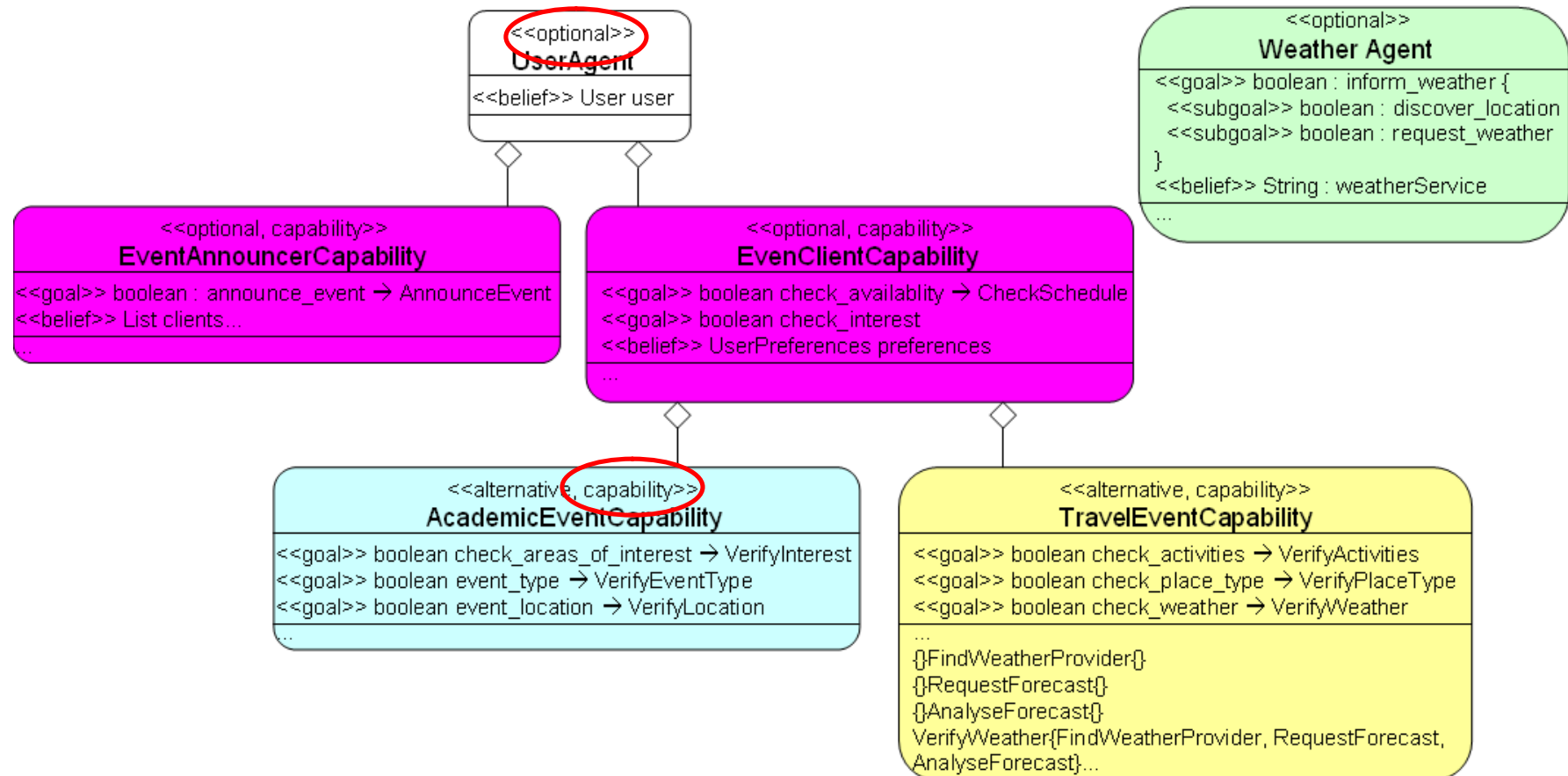
# Documenting Agent Variability



## Our Extensions:

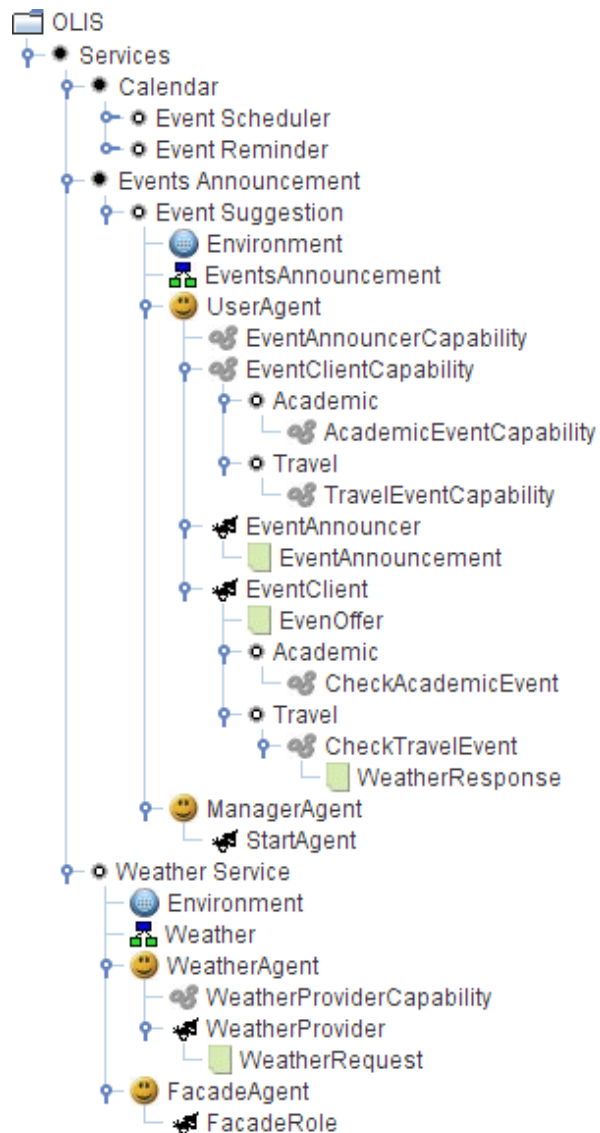
(v) UML 2.0 frames to indicate a behavior related to a crosscutting feature in dynamic models

## MAS-ML Extensions: Documenting Agent Variability In the Domain Design





# Tracing Agent Features




- **Feature/Agent Dependency model**
  - **Indicates which design elements are related to each feature**

- *Expert Committee*



- MAS-PL of conference management systems
- Examples of agent features
  - Automatic paper distribution
  - Conference suggestion
  - Task management



- 
- MAS-PL of web-based systems that provide different personal services to the user
- Examples of agent features
  - Events reminder
  - Events scheduler
  - Events suggestion

- We presented a process for domain engineering to develop MAS-PLs
  - Describing the activities to be performed in each one of the phase that compose the process
  - Built in a bottom-up fashion
    - Development of MAS-PL case studies
    - Use of SPL and MAS approaches to model them
    - Deficiencies identification
    - Process definition
      - Leverage existing approaches
      - Documenting and Tracing Agent Features
      - Separated Modeling of Agent Features

# Website



A screenshot of a web browser window displaying the website for the 'A Domain Engineering Process for Multi-agent Systems Product Lines (MAS-PLs)' project. The browser's title bar reads 'A Domain Engineering Process for Multi-agent Systems Product Lines (MAS-PLs) - Windows Internet Explorer'. The address bar shows the URL 'http://www.inf.puc-rio.br/~ionunes/maspl/'. The website has a dark red header with the title 'A DOMAIN ENGINEERING PROCESS FOR MAS-PLS' in white. Below the header is a navigation menu with buttons for 'HOME', 'APPROACH', 'CASE STUDIES', 'BACKGROUND', 'PUBLICATIONS', 'REFERENCES', and 'ABOUT US'. The main content area is divided into two columns. The left column is titled 'WELCOME' and contains a paragraph about Multi-agent System Product Lines (MAS-PLs) and their integration of Multi-agent Systems (MASs) and Software Product Lines (SPLs). The right column is titled 'Involved People' and lists six individuals with their affiliations and email addresses. The browser's status bar at the bottom shows 'Internet' and a zoom level of '100%'.

**A DOMAIN ENGINEERING PROCESS FOR MAS-PLS**

**HOME** **APPROACH** **CASE STUDIES** **BACKGROUND** **PUBLICATIONS** **REFERENCES** **ABOUT US**

## WELCOME

Multi-agent System Product Lines (MAS-PLs) are the integration of two promising technologies: Multi-agent Systems (MASs) and Software Product Lines (SPLs). On the one hand, MASs provide a powerful abstraction to model features with autonomous and pro-active behavior. However, MAS methodologies have not addressed so far the need of developing large scale customized systems and little effort has been done in order to take advantage of software reuse techniques. Complex modern software systems, which tend to be context-aware, opened, autonomous and highly interactive, will be growingly needed in massive amounts. On the other hand, SPLs aim at developing system families with shorter time-to-market and lower costs by the exploitation of commonalities among family members.

In this context, the main goal of our research work is to propose a domain engineering process for developing MAS-PLs. It defines activities and work products, whose purposes include allowing agent variability and providing agent features.

### Involved People

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